

The ICT training Model “Innovative caregivers’ training” is a complete set of tools and methods aiming at sustaining organizations and training providers in their efforts to set up competence building processes. At the same time it offers to end users (health care professionals active in the home care field) a flexible workplace learning approach, which integrates (besides technical skills in the ICT domain) also

the know-how to use relational and communication skills in an adequate manner. Detailed procedures for competence building activities will be defined and formalized, to promote caregiver qualification paths based on existing professional regulations in all participating countries.

It's important to...

The overall aim of this project is to set up an innovative ICT training Model for further education. It focuses on technology-enabled care across settings, for caregivers in the home health care field. The ICT training Model “Innovative caregivers’ training” is a complete set of tools and methods aiming at sustaining organizations and training providers in their efforts to set up competence building processes. At the same time it offers to end users (health care professionals active in the home care field) a flexible workplace learning approach, which integrates (besides technical skills in the ICT domain) also the know-how to use relational and communication skills in an adequate manner.

Did you know?



ICT Project
Innovative Caregivers' Training

In Europe seniors and particularly elderly people (> 60/80 years old), are a growing component of the population. In Switzerland the old-age dependency ratio (number of persons 65+ per 100 persons aged 20-64) has augmented continuously from 11 at the beginning of the 20th century to 28 currently (BFS, 2012). In Finland the same ratio has increased from 19.5 to 27.7 only between 1990 and 2012 (Eurostat 2012). According to Eurostat by the year 2020 people over 60 years of age will constitute nearly 25% of the Polish society and in Belgium 18,2% of the population was older than 65 years in the year 2010. In Italy (Emilia-Romagna region) even 23% of the total population (around one million inhabitants) is currently more than 65 years old. In many European countries the dimensions and characteristics of this demographic change has partially been slowed down by the constant incoming flow of working young immigrants.

In Switzerland for example the number of the foreign permanent resident population (including also asylum seekers with a total length of stay of at least 12 months) has augmented between 2007 and 2011 from 1602.1 thousand to 1816.0 thousand (BFS, 2013). Within the Swiss and the EU-health care system migrant caregivers are increasingly considered as an important resource in the home health care sector. In Italy for example in numerous households home care assistants are employed to perform housekeeping duties, to administer bedside and personal care (such as ambulation and personal hygiene assistance) for elderly family members. The majority of these home care assistants are migrant women. Presently in the region of Emilia-Romagna the number of immigrant home care workers has been estimated to be at least 75.000 (Obsan, 2012; LENEMI, 2012; Solcà, 2013).

About us...

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